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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/089,535	08/05/2002	Wenshun Tian	851663.434USPC	5003

500 7590 08/14/2006

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EXAMINER

HAN, QI

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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2626

DATE MAILED: 08/14/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No. 10/089,535	Applicant(s) TIAN ET AL.	
	Examiner Qi Han	Art Unit 2626	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 June 2006.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

1. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Response to Amendment

2. This communication is responsive to the applicant's amendment dated 06/29/2006. The Applicant(s) added claims 17-20 (see the amendment: page 6).

Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments filed on 03/07/2006 with respect to the rejection of claims 1-20 under 35 USC 102 and/or 103, have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

In response to applicant's arguments with respect to claim 1 (also related to claims 8, 15, 16) that "Sato (cited prior art) does not teach or suggest the invention in claim 1", "either those lines nor any other portion of Sato suggest that the same program should execute in plural "re-entrant instances" as described in claim 1", and "Figure 8 of Sato...does not suggest plural re-entrant instances" (the specification: pages 7-9), the examiner respectfully disagrees with applicant and has a different view of prior art teachings and the claim interpretations. It is noted that, as stated in the claim rejection, Sato discloses CODEC that can perform a plurality of algorithms (see detail in the claim rejection), and further teaches that the DSP system having two channels (so as to process two codecs or instances) is well known in the art (Fig. 2 and col. 1, lines 42-50). It is also noted that Sato suggests that his invention is about to solve the problem

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of using 'a plurality of algorithms' for 'a plurality of CODECs' in a DSP system and 'to change algorithms in responsive to a dynamic change in network traffic', wherein the algorithms is suggested to correspond to different implementations of the CODECs (col. 1, lines 51-60).

Therefore, when 'a plurality of algorithms can be performed by executing a program A in phase 1, program B in phase 2 and program C in phase 3' (Sato: col. 2, lines 40-44 and Figs. 6-8), the CODEC system having a DSP (Sato: col. 2, lines 7-9) and combining other features (see detail in the claim rejection), can also implements "a plurality of codecs using the DSP by running said instruction code program" and performs "plural re-entrant instances", as claimed and argued by the applicant.

Regarding dependent claims, the response is based on the same reason as stated above (also see the corresponding claim rejection), because the applicant's arguments are based on the same issue as claim 1 and there is no other specific or separate issue argued (see the amendment: pages 9-10).

For above reason, it is believed that the claim rejection is proper and the applicant's argument is not persuasive. Therefore, the claim rejection is sustained.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. Claims 1-2, 5-9 and 12-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over SATO et al. (6,201,488 B1) hereinafter referenced as SATO.

As per **claim 1**, SATO discloses CODEC for consecutively performing a plurality of algorithms (title), comprising:

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“a digital signal processor (DSP)”, (Figs. 4-5, ‘DSP’ and ‘DSP core’; col. 2, lines 6-7, ‘a CODEC having a DSP’);

“a first memory coupled to the DSP and containing an instruction code program, the function of each codes being performed by the DSP, in use, according to said instruction code program”, (col. 2, lines 9-17, ‘a codec comprising a data processing unit performing an encoding/decoding operation (function of codecs) on a digital signal’, ‘a program memory storing (containing) a program divided into a plurality of block programs (instruction code program’);

“a second memory coupled to the DSP and partitioned to include a plurality of separate memory segments” (col. 2, lines 18-21, ‘a data memory storing a set of data...being divided (partitioned) into a plurality of data blocks (segments)’);

“codec” “implemented using the DSP by running said instruction code program in said first memory [a plurality of times in re-entrant instances], and wherein each codes instance is provided access to a respective separate memory segment in said second memory for storing data used in encoding/decoding a respective separate data stream”, (col. 2, lines 22-39, ‘executing (implementing or running) each block program stored in the program memory by using a corresponding data block stored in the data memory’, ‘a plurality of programs (algorithms) can be consecutively performed when the CODEC is operated over a plurality of phases’).

But, SATO does not expressly teach using multiple “codecs” running “a plurality of times in re-entrant instances”. However, this feature is well known in the art as evidenced by SATO himself who further discloses that ‘DSP...can execute the same program by referring to different work data (corresponding to a plurality of times in re-entrant instances)’ (col. 7, lines

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44-45), and providing 'work data ...sequentially rewritten (re-entrant instance) on an individual bank basis' and 'multi-algorithm process' and processing multiple 'channels (corresponding to a plurality of codecs)...and the work data used when the programs corresponding to each channel is executed' (col. 10, lines 19-42; also see Figs 8, 13 and 18), wherein processing signal for each channel corresponding to the claimed "the function of each codec being performed", which suggests that SATO's system has capability to implement the codec function for multiple channels (multiple codecs) with rewriting work data multiple times in sequential manner as claimed. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify SATO by specifically providing implementation of codec function for multiple channels (multiple codecs) with rewriting work data multiple times in sequential manner, as taught by SATO himself, for the purpose of performing a multi-channel process for the system (SATO: col. 10, lines 47-48).

As per **claim 9** (depending on claim 8), SATO further discloses "a third memory coupled to said DSP which is accessible by each of the codes instances for shared storage of temporary variables and data buffering in encoding/decoding said respective separate data streams" (Figs. 16 and 18 and col. 11, lines 39-57, 'work area work#0 (third memory) is a temporary work area' 'accessing (buffering) the same area of the data memory in each phase (including separate data streams)', which suggests that SATO's system has capability of implementing the claimed feature).

As per **claim 12** (depending on claim 8), SATO further discloses "each of the memory segments in said second memory is the same size" (Figs. 10-11 and 14, col. 8, lines 34-47,

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‘memory area of the RAM includes the five banks (implying each bank as the same size) ... each of which stores a single data block’).

As per **claim 13** (depending on claim 8), SATO further discloses “wherein said first memory is provided with a plurality of instruction code programs for implementing different kinds of codecs, and wherein different codes instances may be selected from the different kinds of codes” (col. 2, lines 6-8, ‘a DSP which can consecutively execute a plurality of algorithms (interpreted as implementing different kinds of codecs)’; col. 2, line 62 to col. 3, lines 4, ‘the program changing unit may store the new data... the block program ...is replaced with a new program block....a plurality of algorithms can be performed ...in of the banks sequentially selected’).

As per **claim 14** (depending on claim 13), SATO further discloses “wherein each of the memory segments in said second memory is the same size, and the size of the memory segments is selected according to the maximum memory required by any of the plurality of different kinds of codes”, (Figs. 10-11 and 14, col. 8, lines 34-47, ‘memory area of the RAM includes the five banks (implying each bank as the same size) ... each of which stores a single data block’); col. 17, lines 37-40, ‘the work data...is not fixed’ and ‘the start address and the end address of the memory area of the work data are determined for each phase’, which suggests SATO’s system has capability of implementing the claimed feature).

Regarding claims 1-2 and 5-7, they recite a method. The rejection is based on the same reason described for claims 8-9 and 12-14 respectively, because the claims recite the same or similar limitation(s) as claims 8-9 and 12-14 respectively.

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5. Claims 3-4, 10-11 and 15-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over SATO as applied to claims 1 and 8, and further in view of KLAAS et al. (6,628,999 B1) hereinafter referenced as KLAAS.

As per **claim 10** (depending on claim 8), SATO further discloses “each codec instance accesses the corresponding memory segment [using indirect addressing] based on at least one index register, the at least one index register being set for each codec instance to modify addressing of variables for that codes instance to the corresponding memory segment” (Figs. 10-11, 18 and 26 and col. 12, lines 25-52, ‘DSP core can always access one of the sets of work data...by providing an offset address to an offset resister (corresponding to index register)’, ‘calculates base address’ using ‘variable K’).

But, SATO does not expressly disclose whether or not using “indirect addressing”. However, this feature is well known in the art as evidenced by KLAAS who discloses single-chip audio system volume control circuitry and methods (title), comprising ‘the address of the indirect register accessed by the indexed data register’ (col. 81, lines 4-6). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify SATO by specifically providing the address of the indirect register accessed by the indexed data register, as taught by KLAAS, for the purpose of offering more available mode of addressing for the system (KLAAS: col. 81, lines 4-8).

As per **claim 11** (depending on claim 10), SATO in view of KLAAS further discloses “the plurality of memory segments are contiguous in said second memory, and said at least one index register is set for each codec instance according to an offset based on the difference in address from a first of said memory segments to the memory segment corresponding to that

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codes instance” (SATO: Figs. 5 and 16, col. 12, lines 25-52, ‘DSP core can always access one of the sets of work data...by providing an offset address to an offset resister (corresponding to index register)’, ‘calculates base address $XBAS + XBNK \times K$ ’ using ‘variable K’).

Regarding **claims 3-4** (depending on claim 1), the rejection is based on the same reason described for claims 10-11 respectively, because the claims recite the same or similar limitation(s) as claims 10-11 respectively.

Regarding **claim 16**, the rejection is based on the same reason described for claims 8 and 10, because the claim recites the same or similar limitations as claims 8 and 10.

Regarding **claim 15**, it recites a method. The rejection is based on the same reason described for claim 16, because the claim recites the same or similar limitations as claim 15.

Regarding **claims 17-18** (depending on claim 16) the rejection is based on the same reason described for claims 9 and 12 respectively, because the claim recites the same or similar limitations as claims 9 and 12 respectively.

Regarding **claims 19-20** (depending on claim 15) the rejection is based on the same reason described for claims 17-18 respectively, because the claim recites the same or similar limitations as claims 17-18 respectively.

Conclusion

6. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire **THREE MONTHS** from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within **TWO**

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MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

7. Please address mail to be delivered by the United States Postal Service (USPS) as follows:

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Effective January 14, 2005, except correspondence for Maintenance Fee payments, Deposit Account Replenishments (see 1.25(c)(4)), and Licensing and Review (see 37 CFR 5.1(c) and 5.2(c)), please address correspondence to be delivered by other delivery services (Federal Express (Fed Ex), UPS, DHL, Laser, Action, Purolater, etc.) as follows:

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Qi Han whose telephone numbers is (571) 272-7604. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday from 9:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Richemond Dorvil, can be reached on (571) 272-7602.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Inquiries regarding the status of submissions relating to an application or questions on the Private PAIR system should be directed to the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free) or 703-305-3028 between the hours of 6 a.m. and midnight Monday through Friday EST, or by e-mail at: ebc@uspto.gov. For

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general information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>.

QH/qh

August 9, 2006



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